

ABSTRACT

CORRELATION DURATION SERVE OF PUNISHMENT WITH THE SELF-ESTEEM OF PRISONERS IN CLAS IIB PENITENTIARY IN MOJOKERTO

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When serving time, prisoners get a bad stigma from the community and also have lost everything such as work, time with family, relationships with the community before being in prison and also his ideals have been destroyed, this can have an impact on psychological prisoners in the form of decreased self-esteem . The purpose of this study was to determine the relationship between the length of serving time in prison and the dignity of prisoners in Class II B Penitentiary, Mojokerto. Desian research using cross sectional. The population of all prisoners in the Mojokerto IIB Class Correctional Institution is 356 inmates, the sampling technique using purposive sampling. The sample in this study were criminal convicts of violence in the Class IIB Penitentiary in Mojokerto City in February 2020 as many as 52 people. The research instrument used the Rosenberg Self Esteem Scale (RSES) questionnaire to test the level of self-esteem and interviews to find out the length of serving time. The method of data analysis uses the Spearman Rho Correlation. The test results using SPSS 16.0 *Spearman Rho* correlation statistical test obtained $p = 0.697 > \alpha (0.05)$, which means there is no long-standing relationship of serving a sentence with prisoners' self-esteem. Prisoners who are increasingly serving their sentences will decrease their self-esteem but will decrease their prisoners' self-esteem not only influenced by their length of serving time, there are still many factors such as environmental changes, treatment in prison, community stigma, loss of social freedom, and lack of support from family and social.

Keywords: Duration serve of Punishment, Self-Esteem, Prisoners, Penitentiary

ABSTRAK

HUBUNGAN LAMA MENJALANI MASA HUKUMAN DENGAN HARGA DIRI NARAPIDANA DILEMBAGA PEMASYARAKATAN KLAS IIB MOJOKERTO

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Saat menjalani masa hukuman, narapidana mendapat stigma yang buruk dari masyarakat dan juga sudah kehilangan semuanya seperti pekerjaan, waktu bersama keluarga, hubungan dengan masyarakat dilingkungan sebelum di penjara dan juga cita-citanya telah hancur, hal tersebut dapat berdampak pada psikologis narapidana berupa penurunan harga diri. Tujuan penelitian ini adalah mengetahui hubungan lama menjalani masa hukuman dengan harga diri narapidana di Lembaga Pemasyarakatan Kelas II B Mojokerto. Desain penelitian menggunakan *cross sectional*. Populasinya seluruh narapidana di Lembaga Pemasyarakatan Kelas IIB Mojokerto sebanyak 356 narapidana, teknik sampling menggunakan *purposive sampling*. Sampel dalam penelitian ini adalah narapidana riwayat kriminal kekerasan di Lembaga Pemasyarakatan Kelas IIB Kota Mojokerto pada bulan Februari tahun 2020 sebanyak 52 orang. Instrumen penelitian menggunakan kuisioner *Rosenberg Self Esteem Scale* (RSES) untuk menguji tingkat harga diri dan wawancara untuk mengetahui lama menjalani masa hukuman. Metode analisis data menggunakan *Korelasi Spearman Rho*. Hasil uji menggunakan SPSS 16.0 uji statistik korelasi *Spearman Rho* diperoleh $p = 0,697 > \alpha (0,05)$ yang artinya tidak ada Hubungan Lama Menjalani Masa Hukuman Dengan Harga Diri Narapidana. Narapidana yang semakin lama menjalani masa hukuman harga dirinya akan semakin menurun tetapi menurunnya harga diri narapidana tidak hanya dipengaruhi oleh lama menjalani masa hukuman saja, masih banyak faktor seperti perubahan lingkungan, perlakuan di dalam penjara, stigma masyarakat, hilangnya kebebasan sosial, dan kurangnya dukungan dari keluarga maupun sosial.

Kata Kunci : Lama Menjalani Masa Hukuman, Harga Diri, Narapidana, Lembaga Pemasyarakatan