

ABSTRAK

HUBUNGAN DUKUNGAN SUAMI DENGAN KEPATUHAN DALAM MELAKUKAN PEMERIKSAAN ANC PADA IBU HAMIL DI PUSKESMAS NGORO MOJOKERTO

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Rendahnya kunjungan antenatal care ibu hamil terjadi salah satunya disebabkan karena adanya dukungan keluarga atau suami yang kurang padahal adanya dukungan dari keluarga atau suami akan menumbuhkan semangat atau motivasi ibu dalam melakukan kunjungan ANC dengan patuh. Tujuan penelitian ini untuk mengetahui hubungan dukungan suami dengan kepatuhan dalam melakukan pemeriksaan ANC pada ibu hamil di Puskesmas Ngoro Mojokerto. Desain penelitian yang digunakan yaitu analitik korelasional. Variabel penelitian ada dua yaitu dukungan suami sebagai variabel independan dan kepatuhan dalam pemeriksaan ANC sebagai variabel dependen. Populasi penelitian yaitu seluruh ibu hamil trimester II dan III yang berkunjung di Puskesmas Ngoro Kabupaten Mojokerto sebanyak 43 ibu yang diambil dengan Teknik *consecutive sampling* sebanyak 38 responden. Data dikumpulkan dengan instrumen kuesioner dan dianalisis dengan uji chi square. Hasil penelitian menunjukkan bahwa dari 11 responden yang tidak mendapatkan dukungan suami hampir seluruhnya tidak patuh dalam melakukan pemeriksaan ANC sebanyak 9 responden (81,8%) dan dari 27 responden yang mendapatkan dukungan suami hampir seluruhnya patuh dalam melakukan pemeriksaan ANC sebanyak 21 responden (77,8%). Hasil uji chi square menunjukkan nilai $p = 0,000$ dan $\alpha = 0,05$ maka $p < \alpha$ sehingga ada hubungan dukungan suami dengan kepatuhan dalam melakukan pemeriksaan ANC pada ibu hamil di Puskesmas Ngoro Mojokerto. Suami yang memberikan dukungan pada istri di masa kehamilan akan memberikan rasa aman, ibu merasa terjaga, dan membuat ibu merasa segala keperluannya terpenuhi.

Kata Kunci : Dukungan Suami, Antenatal Care, Kepatuhan

ABSTRACT

THE RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN HUSBAND'S SUPPORT AND COMPLIANCE IN CONDUCTING ANC EXAMINATIONS IN PREGNANT WOMEN AT THE COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER OF NGORO MOJOKERTO

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The low number of antenatal care visits by pregnant women is caused by the lack of support from their families or husbands, even though support from their families or husbands will increase the enthusiasm or motivation of mothers to comply with ANC visits. The purpose of this study was to determine the relationship between husband's support and compliance in conducting ANC examinations in pregnant women at the Community Health Center Of Ngoro Mojokerto. The research design used was correlational analytic. There were two research variables, namely husband's support as the independent variable and compliance in ANC examinations as the dependent variable. The study population was all pregnant women in the second and third trimesters who visited the Community Health Center Of Ngoro Mojokerto, totaling 43 mothers, taken using consecutive sampling techniques with 38 respondents. Data were collected using a questionnaire instrument and analyzed using the chi-square test. The results showed that of the 11 respondents who did not receive husband's support, almost all were non-compliant in conducting ANC examinations, as many as 9 respondents (81.8%), and of the 27 respondents who received husband's support, almost all were compliant in conducting ANC examinations, as many as 21 respondents (77.8%). The chi-square test results showed a p value of 0.000 and $\alpha = 0.05$, indicating a correlation between husband's support and compliance with antenatal care (ANC) visits among pregnant women at the Community Health Center Of Ngoro Mojokerto. A husband who provides support to his wife during pregnancy provides a sense of security, makes the mother feel protected, and ensures that all her needs are met.

Keywords: Husband's Support, Antenatal Care, Compliance