

ABSTRACT

MOTIVATION RELATIONSHIP IN THE SUCCESS OF TOILET TRAINING WITH THE SUCCESS OF TRAINING TOILETS IN CHILDREN IN PALY GROUP & TK DHARMA WANITA LEBAKSONO PUNGGING MOJOKERTO

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Toilet training is one of the tasks of the development of children at toddler age, namely the age of 1-3 years. Toilet training can be carried out for every child who has entered a phase of independence, where the ability of the urethral spinger and ani spinger begins to develop. The success of toilet training in children is also influenced by the motivation of parents to do toilet training stimulus. The purpose of this study was to determine the relationship between motivation of mothers in toilet training with the success of toilet training in children in Playgroup and TK Dharma Wanita Lebaksono. The design of this research is correlation analysis with crossectional approach. The study population included 61 mothers who had children in the Playgroup and Tk Dharma Wanita Lebaksono. The sampling technique used is non-probability type purposive sampling. a sample of 33 mothers. Data were analyzed by editing, coding, scoring and tabulating as well as in the Spearman Rho test. Spearman Rho test results $p = 0.020$, this shows that $p < \alpha$ so that there is a relationship between the motivation of mothers in toilet training with the success of toilet training. The success of toilet training is determined by mother's motivation, the stronger the mother's motivation, the child will succeed in doing toilet training. This is because children with strong mother motivation have the ability to succeed in positive toilet training. Mothers with strong motivation have high hopes and have high confidence that they will succeed in achieving the goal of training toilet training.

Keywords: Mother's Motivation, Toilet Training Success

ABSTRAK

HUBUNGAN MOTIVASI IBU DALAM KEBERHASILAN TOILET TRAINING DENGAN KEBERHASILAN TOILET TRAINING PADA ANAK DI Paly Group & TK Dharma Wanita Lebaksono Pungging Mojokerto

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Toilet training merupakan salah satu tugas dari perkembangan anak pada usia *toddler* yaitu usia 1-3 tahun. *Toilet training* dapat di laksanakan pada setiap anak yang sudah memasuki fase kemandirian, dimana kemampuan *spinger uretra* dan *spinger ani* mulai berkembang. Keberhasilan *toilet training* pada anak juga dipengaruhi oleh motivasi orang tua untuk melakukan stimulus *toilet training*. Tujuan penelitian ini adalah untuk mengetahui hubungan motivasi ibu dalam toilet training dengan keberhasilan toilet training pada anak di Playgroup dan TK Dharma Wanita Lebaksono. Desain penelitian ini yaitu analitik korelasi dengan pendekatan *crosssectional*. Populasi penelitian yaitu ibu yang mempunyai anak di Playgroup dan Tk Dharma Wanita Lebaksono sebanyak 61 ibu. Teknik sampling yang digunakan teknik *non probability* tipe *purposive sampling*. sampel sebanyak 33 ibu. Data dianalisis secara *editing, coding, scoring* dan *tabulating* serta di uji *Spearman Rho*. Hasil uji *Spearman Rho* $p=0,020$ hal ini menunjukkan bahwa $p<\alpha$ sehingga ada hubungan motivasi ibu dalam *toilet training* dengan keberhasilan *toilet training*. Keberhasilan *toilet training* ditentukan motivasi ibu, semakin kuat motivasi ibu maka anak akan berhasil untuk melakukan *toilet training*. Hal ini disebabkan karena anak dengan motivasi ibu yang kuat memiliki kemampuan keberhasilan *toilet training* positif. Ibu dengan motivasi kuat mempunyai harapan yang tinggi dan memiliki keyakinan yang tinggi bahwa dirinya akan berhasil mencapai tujuan untuk melatih *toilet training*.

Kata Kunci : Motivasi Ibu, Keberhasilan *Toilet Training*