

RINGKASAN ASUHAN *CONTINUITY OF CARE*
PADA NY. “E” USIA 28 TAHUN DI PUSKESMAS GEDONGAN
KECAMATAN MAGERSARI KOTA MOJOKERTO

OLEH :

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Asuhan kebidanan pelayanan *Continuity of care* dilakukan secara berkerlanjutan yaitu yang dimulai dari prakonsepsi, kehamilan, persalinan, nifas, pelayanan bayi baru lahir, serta pelayanan keluarga berencana sehingga dapat mendeteksi dini adanya komplikasi yang dapat terjadi dan juga dapat mencegah kemungkinan komplikasi yang akan terjadi dengan segera. Metode dalam pendampingan oleh peneliti yakni secara observasi secara berkesinambungan. Tujuan pelaksanaan asuhan yaitu memberikan asuhan kebidanan secara berkesinambungan dari hamil sampai KB pada Ny E usia 28 tahun G2P10001 dengan skore KSPR 4 yaitu asuhan kebidanan pada kehamilan 1 kali, persalinan 2 kali saat fase laten dan saat fase aktif, kemudian nifas 4 kali, neonatus 3 kali dan asuhan kebidanan KB 1 kali. Hasil asuhan kebidanan kehamilan 1 dan 2 berlangsung fisiologis. Persalinan kala 1 mengalami KPD (ketuban pecah dini) dan akhirnya Kala II sampai Kala IV dilaksanakan di Rumah Sakit Kamar Medika dan persalinannya berjalan normal dengan persalinan normal tanpa penyulit. Bayi lahir berjenis kelamin Perempuan dengan berat badan 2900 gr, panjang badan 50 cm, Lingkar Kepala 33 cm. kunjungan Neonatus berjalan tanpa adanya penyulit dan pada kunjungan nifas juga tidak ada penyulit dan asi juga lancar ibu juga menyusui aktif. Pada kunjungan KB ibu memilih KB implan yang tidak mengganggu asi dan penggunaan jangka panjang. Pendampingan berkelanjutan melalui pendekatan *Continuity of care* yang berkontribusi dalam meningkatkan kesejahteraan ibu dan bayi, sehingga dapat mendukung pencapaian derajat kesehatan yang terpenuhi.

Kata Kunci: Hamil, Bersalin, Nifas, Neonatus, KB

SUMMARY OF *CONTINUITY OF CARE*
FOR MRS “E” 28 YEARS OLD AT THE GEDONGAN PUBLIC HEALTH
CENTER MAGERSARI DISTRICT MOJOKERTO CITY

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Continuity of care midwifery care is carried out continuously, starting from preconception, pregnancy, childbirth, postpartum, newborn care, and family planning services so that complications can be detected early and can also prevent possible complications that will occur immediately. The method of assistance by researchers is continuous observation. The purpose of implementing care is to provide continuous midwifery care from pregnancy to family planning for Mrs. E 28 years old G1P10001 with KSPR 4 score, namely midwifery care during pregnancy once, childbirth twice during the latent phase and during the active phase, then postpartum four times, neonatus three times and family planning midwifery care once. The results of midwifery care for pregnancies 1 and 2 were physiological. The first stage of labor experienced KPD (premature rupture of membranes) and finally the second to fourth stages were carried out at Kamar Medika Hospital and the delivery went normally with normal delivery without complications. The baby was born as girl with a weight of 2900 grams, a body length of 50 cm, and a head circumference of 33 cm. the neonatal visit went without any complications, and during the postpartum visit there was also no complications, and the mother's breast milk supply was smooth and she was actively breastfeeding. During the family planning visit, the mother chose an implant contraceptive that does not interfere with breast milk and is used for longterm care. Continuous support through a continuity of care approach contributes to improving the well being of the mother and baby, thus supporting the achievement of desired health status.

Keywords: Pregnancy, Childbirth, Postpartum, Neonate, Family Planning